© 2022 The Law Society of New South Wales ACN 000 000 699 and The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales ACN 000 012 457
You can prepare your own version of pages 1 - 4 of this contract. Except as permitted under the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth) or consented to by the copyright owners (including by way of guidelines issued from time to time), no other part of this contract may be reproduced without the specific written permission of The Law Society of New South Wales and The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales.

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM		NSW DAN:		
vendor's agent	First National Real Est 454 High Street, Maitla Email: andrew@fnrem	nd NSW 2320		Phone: Ref:	4933 5544 Andrew Lange
co-agent					
vendor					
Vollagi	Money to				
vendor's solicitor	Hulin Chadwick Lawyers Suite 2, 15-17 Church Street, Maitland NSW 2320 PO Box 295, Maitland NSW 2320 Email: admin@hulinchadwick.com.au		2320	Phone: Ref:	02 4934 6899 MN:TC:23/296
date for completion	42nd day after the contract date (clause 15)				
land (address, plan details and title reference)	191 George Street, East Maitland NSW 2323 Lot 121 in Deposited Plan 615421 Folio Identifier 121/615421				
		ION subject to ex	isting tenancies		
improvements					
attached copies	⊠ documents in the List of Documents as marked				
	□ other documents:				
A real estate ager inclusions	nt is permitted by legisla ⊠ air conditioning	ation to fill up the iter include: I clothes line	ns in this box in a sa		range hood
Includiono	□ blinds	☑ curtains	insect screens		solar panels
	built-in wardrobes	dishwasher	☐ light fittings	25-54	stove
	☑ ceiling fans	☐ EV charger	pool equipment	-	TV antenna
	other:	— , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_	
exclusions					
purchaser					
purchaser's solicitor					
price	\$				
deposit	\$		(10% of the price, ur	nless othe	erwise stated)
balance	\$		(if not stated the	data thia	contract was made)
contract date		T IONIT TENANTO	(II not stated, the	uate triis	contract was made)
Where there is more	e than one purchaser [☐ JOINT TENANTS ☐ tenants in common	☐ in unequal shares	specify:	
OOT AMOUNT (ambi			- III anoqual onaroo	, 5000	
	onal) The price includes (331 OI. \$			
buyer's agent					
Note: Clause 20.15 different choice is ma	provides "Where this con arked."	tract provides for choic	es, a choice in BLOCI	K CAPITA	ALS applies unless a

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER		
Signed by		Signed by		
Vendor - Matthew John Ford by Private Manager appointed und Act 2009 / Guardianship Act 19	er NSW Trustee and Guardian	Purchaser		
Vendor		Purchaser		
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY)		
Signed by In accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of authorised person(s) whose sign	the Corporations Act 2001 by the nature(s) appear(s) below:	
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held	

Ch	oices			
Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> Nominated <i>Electronic Lodgement Network (ELN)</i> (cla <i>Manual transaction</i> (clause 30)	□ NO □ yes use 4): PEXA □ NO □ yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details, including any applicable exception, in the space below):			
Tax information (the parties promise	this is correct as far as each party is aware)			
Land tax is adjustable	⋈ NO □ yes			
GST: Taxable supply	⋈ NO			
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more o				
☒ not made in the course or furtherance of an ente☒ by a vendor who is neither registered nor require☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going	rprise that the vendor carries on section 9-5(b)) d to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d)) ng concern under section 38-325 or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O			
Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment)	NO □ yes (if yes, vendor must provide details)			
	If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.			
GSTRW payment (GST resident	ial withholding payment) – details			
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. Howeve	r, sometimes further information will be required as to which is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant			
Supplier's ABN:				
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):				
Supplier's business address:				
Supplier's representative:				
Supplier's contact phone number:				
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$				
If more than one supplier, provide the above de	etails for each supplier.			
Amount purchaser must pay - price multiplied by the GS	TRW rate (residential withholding rate): \$			
Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):				

 \square yes

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? $\ \square$ NO

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

List of Documents

General		Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)		
☑ 1 property certificate for the land		☐ 33 property certificate for strata common property		
•	in of the land	☐ 34 plan creating strata common property		
•	registered plan of the land	☐ 35 strata by-laws		
	n of land to be subdivided	☐ 36 strata development contract or statement		
•	cument to be lodged with a relevant plan	☐ 37 strata management statement		
	ction 10.7(2) planning certificate under	☐ 38 strata renewal proposal		
Εn	vironmental Planning and Assessment Act	☐ 39 strata renewal plan		
197		☐ 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common		
	ditional information included in that certificate	property		
	der section 10.7(5) werage infrastructure location diagram	☐ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property		
	ervice location diagram)	☐ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property		
,	wer lines location diagram (sewerage service	☐ 43 neighbourhood development contract		
	gram)	☐ 44 neighbourhood management statement		
	cument that created or may have created an	☐ 45 property certificate for precinct property		
	sement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	☐ 46 plan creating precinct property		
-	sitive covenant disclosed in this contract	☐ 47 precinct development contract		
,	anning agreement	☐ 48 precinct management statement		
	ction 88G certificate (positive covenant)	☐ 49 property certificate for community property		
	rvey report	☐ 50 plan creating community property		
1	ilding information certificate or building rtificate given under <i>legislation</i>	☐ 51 community development contract		
l	cupation certificate	☐ 52 community management statement		
l	ase (with every relevant memorandum or	☐ 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws		
va	riation)	☐ 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement		
	ner document relevant to tenancles	☐ 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries		
	ence benefiting the land	☐ 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes		
	system document	Management Act 2015		
	own purchase statement of account	☐ 57 information certificate under Community Land		
	ilding management statement m of requisitions	Management Act 2021		
	parance certificate	☐ 58 disclosure statement - off-the-plan contract		
	nd tax certificate	☐ 59 other document relevant to off-the-plan contract		
	uilding Act 1989	Other		
5	surance certificate	□ 60		
[
l	ochure or warning			
☐ 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover				
Swimming Pools Act 1992				
☐ 28 certificate of compliance				
☐ 29 evidence of registration				
l	levant occupation certificate			
l	rtificate of non-compliance			
32 dei	tailed reasons of non-compliance			
HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone				
number				

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.

3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—

- (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W or
- (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
- (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
- (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences,

notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning and Environment
Department of Primary Industries
Electricity and gas
Public Works Advisory
Subsidence Advisory NSW
Telecommunications

Land and Housing Corporation Transport for NSW

Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

> adjustment date adjustment figures authorised Subscriber

the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;

bank

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day cheaue

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; a cheque that is not postdated or stale:

clearance certificate

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion:

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

the time of day at which completion is to occur

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer:

the expiry date (if any); and

the amount:

depositholder

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent); any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to be transferred to the purchaser;

document of title

ECNL

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; the Electronic Conveyanging National Law (NSW);

electronic document

discharging mortgagee

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transaction

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronic transfer

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of the parties Conveyancing Transaction;

FRCGW percentage

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 🖏 July 2017):

FRCGW remittance

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if /any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act GST rate May New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW paymer

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

GSTRW rate

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate); the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

incoming mortgagee

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11m if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

legislation manual transaction an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act; a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case

at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed; subject to any other provision of this contract;

normally participation rules

the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

party

each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property planning agreement the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace;

populate

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); rescind rescind this contract from the beginning;

serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and –

• issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

 if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other cheque;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.

2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by -

- 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the depositholder;
- 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
- 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can terminate if -
 - 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

3.6

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
 - Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond. 3.7
- The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5. 3.8
- The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond -3.9
 - on completion; or 3.9.1
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor
 - normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or 3.10.1
 - if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's fight to terminate, the 3.10.2 vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called @p) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -3.11
 - normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or 3.11.1
 - if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the 3.11.2 vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.

Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless -
 - 4.1.1
 - the contract says this transaction is a manual transaction, giving the reason, or a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is a manual transaction, in which case the 4.1.2 parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction -4.2
 - 4.2.1 each party must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees, and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction;

- if a party has paid all of a disbursement of fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne 4.2.2 equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and 4.3.1
 - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a 4.3.2 party using an ELN which can interoperate with the nominated ELN.
- A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry. 4.4
- Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace 4.5 with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- If the vendor has not created an Electronic Workspace in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may 4.6 create and populate an Electronic Workspace and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the Electronic Workspace.
- 4.7 The parties must, as applicable to their role in the Conveyancing Transaction and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - promptly join the Electronic Workspace after receipt of an invitation; 4.7.1
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer;
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the electronic transfer is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the electronic transfer only if this 4.9 contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the 4.10 Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- Before completion, the parties must ensure that -4 11
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are 4.11.1 populated and Digitally Signed:
 - all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and 4.11.2
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of 4.12 Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed -
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid: and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.

- If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the 8.2 purchaser can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination
 - the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this 8.2.1
 - the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and 8.2.2
 - if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment. 8.2.3

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can

keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price); 9.1

hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this 9.2 clause -

for 12 months after the termination: or 9.2.1

if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause within 12 months, until those proceedings 9.2.2 are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either -

- where the vendor has resold the property under a contract made within 12 months after the 9.3.1 termination, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition of rescind or terminate in respect of -10.1
 - the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991; 10.1.1
 - a service for the property being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service 10.1.2 for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - a wall being or not being a party/wall in any sense of that term or the property being affected by an 10.1.3 easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the property due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the property or the title, not set out or 10.1.5 referred to in this contract, a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.6
 - the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum; 10.1.7
 - any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or 10.1.8 any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, 10.1.9 priority notice of writ
- The purchaser cannot resging or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions. 10.2
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to 10.3 change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11

- Compliance with work orders

 Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if 11.1 this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must pay 11.2 the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -
- to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required; 12.1
- to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -12.2
 - any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or 12.2.1
 - a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the property 12.2.2 given under legislation, even if given after the contract date; and
- to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion. 12.3

- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -
 - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor serves details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 **Adjustments**

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 14,2,1 date for completion: and
 - 14,2,2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion.
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act(1956) but must adjust any 14.4 other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor 14.4.1 in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable:
 - by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -14.4.2

 - the person who owned the land owned no other land; the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax: 14.5
- If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates, partly to the land and partly to other land, the 14.6 parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the 14.7 period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property 14.8 or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being the estate disclosed in this 16.1 contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary
- The legal title to the property does not pass before completion. 16.2
- If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, 16.3 the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do 16.4 all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchase must pay to the vendor -16.5
 - the price less any 16.5.1
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - articunt payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a deposit-bond, at least 1 business day before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion. 17.1
- The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -17.2
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is 17.3 affected by a protected tenancy-(a tenancy-affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

- 18 Possession before completion
- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor;
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the party's solicitor or an authorised Subscriber by means of an Electronic Workspace created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of rescission or termination.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each party agrees that electronic signing by a party identifies that party and indicates that party's intention to be bound by this contract.
- 21 Time limits in these provisions
- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.
- 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975
- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.
- 23 Strata or community title
 - Definitions and modifications
- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme (of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind.
 - the same kind; //
 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme:
 - 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - Impormal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - · disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
 - Adjustments and liability for expenses
- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any
 money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Relal Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service,
 if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the
 document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it)
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is served on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document --
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good roof of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 normally, need figt include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract transfer means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to serve the transfer until after the vendor has served a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
 - 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

- 26 Crown purchase money
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*: or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *leaislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction,

Transfer

- 30.2 Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser serves a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses including any agency or mortgagee fee.

• Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque.
- 30.10 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as If It we're paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a settlement cheque for the GSTRW payment payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation,
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must -
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

- 32 Residential off the plan contract
- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

BETWEEN Matthew John Ford (Vendor)

AND

(Purchaser)

1. Authority to act

Matthew John Ford is a managed person and Janine Natalie Ford has been appointed by Order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, Guardianship Division, to manage the property of Matthew John Ford under the authority and direction of the NSW Trustee and Guardian. Janine Natalie Ford has been authorised by the NSW Trustee and Guardian to enter into this Contract for Sale.

2. Notice to complete

- (a) In the event of either party failing to complete this Contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a Notice to Complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the Notice, and this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this Contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this Contract.
- (b) In the event that the Vendor Issues a Notice to Complete pursuant to special condition 1(a) then the Purchaser agrees to pay the sum of \$250.00 plus GST to the Vendor's Solicitor on completion to reimburse the Vendor for the cost of issuing the Notice to Complete. This special condition does not affect the Vendor's rights against the Purchaser to recover any other damages.

3. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the *Mental Health Act*, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this Contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

4. Purchaser acknowledgements

The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:

(a) In its present condition and state of repair;

- (b) Subject to all defects latent and patent;
- (c) Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
- (d) Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property; and
- (e) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.

The purchaser agrees not to seek to, terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

5. Late completion

In the event that completion is not effected on the nominated day due to the purchaser's default, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase price, 8% interest per annum calculated daily on the balance of the purchase price from the date nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion, provided always that there shall be an abatement of interest during any time that the purchaser is ready, willing and able to complete and the vendor is not.

6. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, notwithstanding completion.

7. Swimming pool

The property does not have a swimming pool.

8. Deposit bond

- (a) The word bond means the deposit bond issued to the vendor at the request of the purchaser by the bond provider.
- (b) Subject to the following clauses the delivery of the bond on exchange to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit or the vendor's solicitor will be deemed to be payment of the deposit in accordance with this contract.

- (c) The purchaser must pay the amount stipulated in the bond to the vendor in cash or by unendorsed bank cheque on completion or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted to the vendor.
- (d) If the vendor serves on the purchaser a written notice claiming to forfeit the deposit then to the extent that the amount has not already been paid by the bond provider under the bond, the purchaser must immediately pay the deposit or so much of the deposit as has not been paid to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit.

9. Electronic settlement

- (a) The parties agree to settle this sale electronically in accordance and compliance with the Electronic Conveyancing National Law.
- (b) The provisions of this contract continue to apply as modified by the electronic settlement procedures.
- (c) Within 7 days of exchange the vendor will open and populate the electronic workspace, including the date and time of settlement and invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to join, failing which the purchaser may do so.
- (d) Within 7 days of receipt of the invitation the purchaser must join and create an electronic transfer and invite any incoming mortgagee to join.
- (e) Settlement takes place when the financial settlement takes place.
- (f) Anything that cannot be delivered electronically must be given to the relevant party immediately following settlement.
- (g) If time is of the essence of the transaction and settlement fails to proceed due to a system failure then neither party will be in default. The parties must settle as soon as possible but no later than 3 working days after the initial electronic failure unless otherwise agreed.
- (h) Any notice served on a party in the electronic workspace must also be served in accordance with the condition of this contract relating to service of notices.

10. Hunter Water Corporation

The Purchaser acknowledges that Hunter Water Corporation does not make available individual dwelling internal lot connection diagrams in the ordinary course of administration. For the purpose of satisfying the *Conveyancing Sale of Land Regulation 2017*, Schedule 1 the "Service Location Plan" attached to this Contract is sufficient.

11. Reduced Deposit

- (a) If the parties agree, the deposit payable pursuant to the Contract is ten per cent (10%) of the Purchase Price and is payable in the following instalments:
 - (i) 5% on exchange of Contracts;

- (ii) 5% on the completion date set out in this Contract or upon the event of the Purchaser defaulting in the observance or performance of any obligation imposed on the purchaser herein.
- (b) This clause does not restrict the Vendor from making any further claim under Clause 9 of the Contract.

12. No Settlement during Christmas Break

Notwithstanding anything else contained herein:

- (a) If the completion date or any notice to complete requires completion on a date from and including 22 December 2023 to 8 January 2024 then the date for completion shall be deemed to be **Friday**, **12 January 2024**;
- (b) Where the completion of the Contract has been extended in accordance with this special condition, no amount pursuant to special condition 4 shall be payable between the periods 22 December 2023 and 12 January 2024.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH ______

FOLIO: 121/615421

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE ----_____ _____ 6 22/9/2018 13/11/2023 4:37 PM

LAND

LOT 121 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 615421 AT EAST MAITLAND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA MAITLAND PARISH OF MAITLAND COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM DP615421

FIRST SCHEDULE _____

MATTHEW JOHN FORD

(T 6378476)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT (S)

AI277627 MORTGAGE TO NEWCASTLE PERMANENT BUILDING SOCIETY LIMITED

NOTATIONS _____

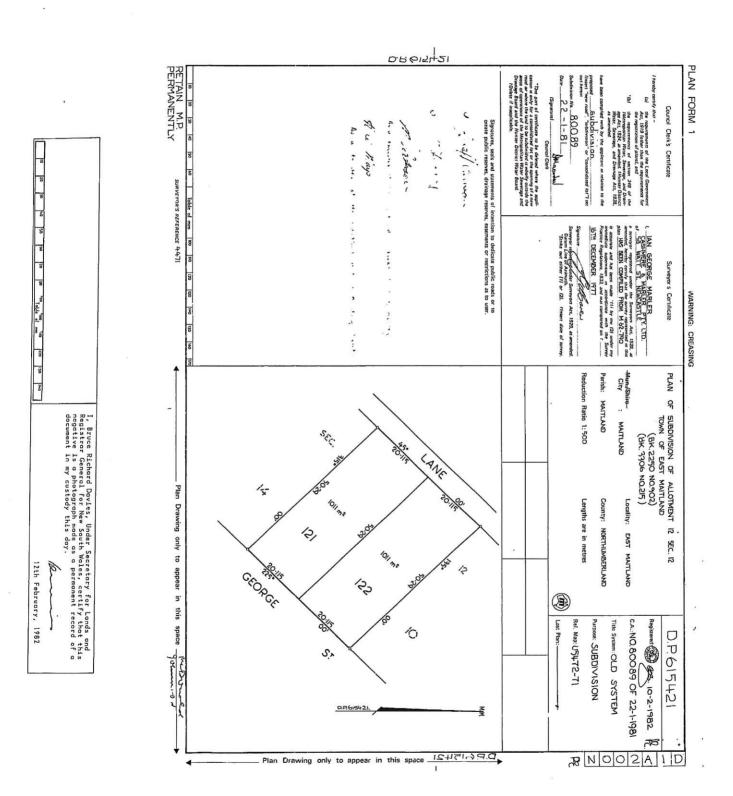
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 13/11/2023

Received: 13/11/2023 16:37:49







Certificate No.: PC/2023/3410 Certificate Date: 14/11/2023

Fee Paid: \$67.00

Receipt No.: 1737823

Your Reference: Ford (S) 23/296

SECTION 10.7 PLANNING CERTIFICATE Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 as amended

APPLICANT: Hulin Chadwick Lawyers Pty Ltd

admin@hulinchadwick.com.au

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION: 191 George Street EAST MAITLAND NSW 2323

PARCEL NUMBER: 15826

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 121 DP 615421

IMPORTANT: Please read this Certificate carefully.

The information provided in this Certificate relates only to the land described above. If you need information about an adjoining property or nearby land, a separate certificate will be required.

All information provided is correct as at the date of issue of this Certificate. However, it is possible for changes to occur at any time after the issue of this Certificate.

For more information on the Planning Certificate please contact our Customer Experience team on 4934 9700.

SECTION 10.7(2)

The following matters relate to the land, as required by section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (1979)* ("the Act") and clause 284 and Schedule 2 of the *Environment Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*.

ITEM 1 - Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

The following environmental planning instruments and development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

State Environmental Planning Policies

The Minister for Planning has notified that the following State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) shall be specified on Certificates under Section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

The land is affected by the following State Environmental Planning Policies:

- SEPP65 Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
- SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
- · SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021
- SEPP (Primary Production) 2021
- SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021
- SEPP (Housing) 2021
- SEPP Building Sustainability Index: BASIX 2004
- SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- SEPP (Resources and Energy) 2021
- SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
- SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

Local Environmental Plan (LEP)

Maitland LEP 2011, published 16 December 2011, applies to the land.

Development Control Plan prepared by Council

Maitland Development Control Plan 2011 applies to the land.

The following proposed environmental planning instruments and draft development control plans are or have been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, apply to the carrying out of development on the land and:

Planning Proposal for a Local Environmental Plan

No draft local Environmental Plans that have been on public exhibition under the Act are applicable to the land.

Detailed information on draft environmental planning instruments is available at

the NSW Department of Planning and Environment Current LEP Proposals website; or Maitland City Council's website.

Draft Development Control Plans

No draft Development Control Plan(s) that have been on public exhibition under the Act are applicable to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

No draft State Environmental Planning Policy(s) applying to the land is, or has been publicised the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act.

ITEM 2 - Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a State Environmental Planning Policy or proposed State Environmental Planning Policies)

Zone and Land Use Table from Local Environmental Plan

R1 General Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- · To provide for the housing needs of the community
- To provide for a variety of housing types and densities
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents

2 Permitted without Consent

Home occupations

3 Permitted with Consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Group homes; Home-based child care; Home industries; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Semidetached dwellings; Seniors housing; Serviced apartments; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4

4 Prohibited

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Biosolids treatment facilities; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Entertainment facilities; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight

transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Helipads; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Information and education facilities; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Public administration buildings; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Research stations; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Service stations; Sewage treatment plants; Sex services premises; Signage; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water recycling facilities; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies.

Detailed information on the land zone mapping is available at the NSW Department of Planning and Environment ePlanning Spatial Viewer website; or Maitland City Council's website.

Note: Detailed information on the local environmental plan is available at NSW Legislation – In force legislation.

Whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions.

For the land zoned R1 General Residential the Maitland LEP 2011 does not contain a development standard specifying the land dimensions required to permit the erection of a dwelling house on the land.

Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?

The land IS NOT identified in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act.

Is the land within a conservation area, however described?

The land IS NOT in a Heritage Conservation Area.

Is there an item of environmental heritage in a local environmental plan?

The land does NOT contain an item of Environmental Heritage.

Note: An item of environmental heritage, namely Aboriginal heritage, listed on the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS), may be situated on the land. The Department of Planning and Environment, Biodiversity and Conservation Division.

ITEM 3 - Contribution plans

The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

- Maitland S94A Levy Contributions Plan 2006
- Maitland City Wide Section 94 Contributions Plan 2016

Maitland S94 Contributions Plan (City Wide) 2006

If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

The land IS NOT in a special contributions area.

Note: In addition to the above developer contribution plans, Development Servicing Plans for water and sewer connection may be applicable, attracting additional contributions for the development, particularly where development will connect to water and/or sewer services.

ITEM 4 - Complying Development

If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)-(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

Complying development under the Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code may be carried out on the land. Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on the land, but only if the land is identified on the Greenfield Housing Code Area Map issued by the NSW Department of Planning and Environment.

Complying development under the Rural Housing Code may not be carried out on the land as it is not within an applicable zone.

Complying development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the General Development Code may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code may not be carried out on the land as it is not within an applicable zone.

Complying development under the Subdivisions Code may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the **Demolition Code** may be carried out on the

Complying development under the Fire Safety Code may be carried out on the land.

Complying development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code may not be carried out on the land.

Maitland NSW 2320

Note: Despite the above provisions, if only part of a lot is subject to an exclusion or exemption under Clause 1.17A or Clause 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) Amendment (Commercial and Industrial Development and Other Matters) 2013, complying development may be carried out on that part of the lot that is not affected by the exclusion or exemption.

The complying development may not be carried out on the land because of the following provisions of Clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of the Policy.

The provisions of Clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 are not identified on the land. Complying development may be undertaken in accordance with the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 as amended.

Note: This information needs to be read in conjunction with the whole of the State Environment Planning Policy. If an identification, restriction or characteristic of land referred to above is not located on or does not comprise, the whole of the relevant land, complying development may be carried out on any part of the land not so identified, restricted or characterised.

Note: Information regarding whether the property is affected by flood related development controls or is bushfire prone land is identified in other sections of this certificate. If your property is identified as being impacted by bushfire or flooding, a specific technical assessment of these issues will be required as part of any Complying Development Certificate application under the State Environment Planning Policy, or a development application for any other type of development requiring consent from Council.

Note: Despite any references above advising that Complying Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Complying Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of State Environment Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. It is necessary to review the State Environment Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of complying development may be undertaken on the land.

If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that

- (a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land,
- (b) and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

There are no variations to the exempt development codes within the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 that apply in the Maitland local government area.

For further information on complying development, please refer to the Department of Planning and Environment.

ITEM 5 - Exempt Development

If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)-(d) or 1.16A.

If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that

- a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
- b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.

If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

ITEM 6 - Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

Whether the council is aware that -

The Council IS NOT aware of any affected building notice which is in force in respect of the land.

The Council is NOT aware of any building product rectification order which is in force in respect of the land and that has not been fully complied with.

The Council IS NOT aware of any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order being given in respect of the land and that is outstanding.

ITEM 7 - Land Reserved for Acquisition

Whether an environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in the Act, section 3.15.

No environmental planning instrument, deemed environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument applying to the land provides for the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

ITEM 8 - Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by road widening or road realignment under -

- a) The land is NOT affected by road widening under Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993.
- b) The land is NOT affected by road widening under any environmental planning instrument
- c) The land is NOT affected by any road-widening or realignment under any resolution of the Council
- d) The land is NOT affected by road-widening or realignment under a resolution of the Council

Note: This item relates to Council's road proposals only. Other authorities, including the NSW Roads and Traffic Authority may have road widening proposals.

ITEM 9 - Flood related development controls

The land or part of the land IS NOT within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

The land or part of the land IS NOT between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

The Maitland LEP 2011 identifies the flood planning level (FPL) as the level of a 1:100 ARI flood event plus 0.5m freeboard. The probable maximum flood has the same meaning as the Floodplain Development Manual.

Note in this section – **flood planning area** has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual. **Floodplain Development Manual** means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 00) published by the NSW Government in April 2005. **probable maximum flood** has the same meaning as in Floodplain Development Manual

Note: The information provided in item 9 is based on the data and information presently available to the Council and on development controls in force as at the date of this certificate. The identification of land as not being subject to flood related development controls does not mean that the land is not, or may not be, subject to flooding or that the land will not in the future be subject to flood related development controls, as additional data and information regarding the land become available.

ITEM 10 - Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

All land within the Maitland Local Government Area has the potential to contain acid sulfate soils. Clause 7.1 of the Maitland Local Environmental Plan 2011 generally applies. Development consent is required where works described in the Table to this clause are proposed on land shown on the Maitland LEP 2011 Acid Sulfate Soils Map as being of the class specified for those works.

The Council has adopted by resolution a policy on contaminated land which may restrict the development of the land to which this certificate relates. This policy is implemented when zoning or land use changes are proposed on lands which:

- · are considered to be contaminated; or
- · which have previously been used for certain purposes; or
- which have previously been used for certain purposes but Council's records do not have sufficient information about previous use of the land to determine whether the land is contaminated; or
- · have been remediated for a specific use.

Consideration of Council's adopted policy and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is warranted.

Note in this section -

adopted policy means a policy adopted -

- a) by the council, or
- b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by council.

ITEM - 11 Bush fire prone land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.

The land is NOT identified as being bushfire prone land.

Note – In accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, bush fire prone land, in relation to area, means land recorded for the time being as bush fire prone on a bush fire prone land map for the area. This mapping is subject to periodic review.

Note – The identification of land as not being bushfire prone does not mean that the land is not, or may not be affected by bushfire or that the land will not in the future be subject to bushfire related development controls, as additional data and information regarding the land become available.

ITEM - 12 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division, a statement to that effect.

There are no premises on the subject land listed on the register.

ITEM - 13 Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

The land has NOT been proclaimed to be within a Mine Subsidence District under the meaning of section 20 of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

ITEM - 14 Paper subdivision information

There is no development plan that applies to the:

- 1) Land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot
- 2) There is no subdivision order that applies to the land.

ITEM - 15 Property vegetation plans

If the land in relation to which a property vegetation plan is approved and in force under the Native Vegetation Act 2003, Part 4, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act.

The Council has not received any notification from Hunter Local Land Services that this land is affected by a property vegetation plan under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force).

ITEM - 16 Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, Part 5, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the biodiversity Conservation Trust.

The Council is not aware if the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.*

Note – Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5.

ITEM 17 - Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, Part 8, a statement to that effect.

The land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

Note – Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, Part 7AA that is taken to be certified under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 8.

ITEM 18 - Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land, but only if the council has been notified or the order.

Council has NOT received notification from the Land and Environment Court of NSW that the land is affected by an Order under Trees – (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006.

ITEM 19 – Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

If the *Coastal Management Act 2016* applies to the council, whether the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject

to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

The owner (or any previous owner) of the land has NOT consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Note - In this section existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993, section 553B.

Note – Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011

ITEM 20 - Western Sydney Aerotropolis

The State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 does not apply to land within the Maitland City Council local government area.

ITEM 21 - Development consent conditions for seniors housing

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2).

Clause 88(2) of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021* restricts occupation of development approved for seniors housing to:

- a) Seniors or people who have a disability
- b) People who live in the same household with seniors or people who have a disability,
- c) Staff employed to assist in the administration and provision of services to housing provided under this Part.

ITEM 22 - Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate –

- a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
- b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are kind referred to in State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

Note - No Seniors Housing development consent conditions apply to this land.

Note - In this section - Former site compatibility certificate means a site

compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

Council is unaware if a Site Compatibility Certificate (Affordable Rental Housing) has been issued in accordance with State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate.

Contaminated Land

- a) The land to which this certificate relates is NOT significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- b) The land to which this certificate relates is NOT subject to a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- c) The land to which this certificate relates is NOT the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- d) The land to which this certificate relates is NOT the subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.
- e) Council has NOT been provided with a site audit statement, within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997, for the land to which this Certificate relates.

Jeff Smith General Manager



HUNTER WATER CORPORATION

A.B.N. 46 228 513 446

SERVICE LOCATION PLAN

Enquiries: 1300 657 657 APPLICANT'S DETAILS



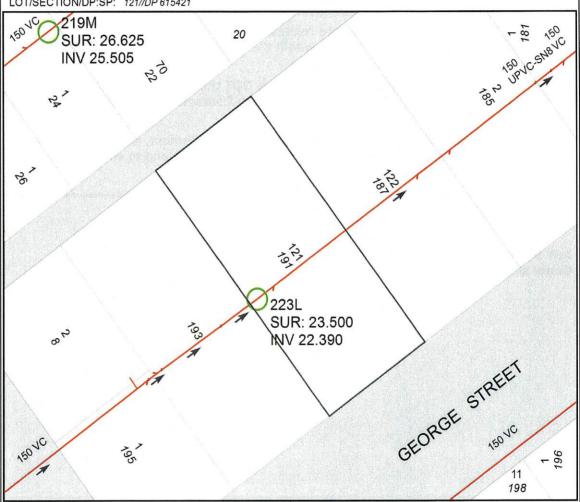
InfoTrack 191 GEORGE EAST MAITLAND NSW APPLICATION NO.: 2141370

APPLICANT REF: M 23/296

RATEABLE PREMISE NO.: 0912900190

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 191 GEORGE ST EAST MAITLAND 2323

LOT/SECTION/DP:SP: 121//DP 615421



SEWER POSITION APPROXIMATE ONLY. SUBJECT PROPERTY BOLDED.
ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE METRIC.

IF A SEWERMAIN IS LAID WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT, SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SEWERMAIN APPLY IF DEVELOPMENT IS UNDERTAKEN. IN THESE CASES, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU SEEK ADVICE ON THE SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO PURCHASE. PHONE 1300 657 657, FOR MORE INFORMATION.

IF THIS PLAN INDICATES A SEWER CONNECTION IS AVAILABLE OR PROPOSED FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, IT IS THE INTENDING OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS PRACTICABLE TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER FROM ALL PARTS OF THE PROPERTY TO THAT CONNECTION

ANY INFORMATION ON THIS PLAN MAY NOT BE UP TO DATE AND THE CORPORATION ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY.

Date: 13/11/2023

Scale at A4: 1:500

CADASTRAL DATA © LPI OF NSW
CONTOUR DATA © AAMHatch
© Department of Planning

SEWER/WATER/RECYCLED WATER UTILITY DATA © HUNTER WATER CORPORATION